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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/813,835	04/01/2004	Russell M. Langley	CRTS-IFJIR.WSD	CRTS-IFJIR.WSD 6050	
759	90 11/07/2005		EXAMINER		
William S. Dorman			GARBER, CHARLES D		
Suite 830 406 South Boulder			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Tulsa, OK 74103			2856		
			DATE MAILED: 11/07/200	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
•	10/813,835	LANGLEY ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
·	Charles D. Garber	2856				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 Ag	oril 2004.					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-6 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-6 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcting 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Expension 11.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	. 4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5)  Notice of Informal P	atent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 10/813,835

Art Unit: 2856

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 recites a camera which "records the movement". The term "record" is defined by Meriam-Webster Online Dictionary as "to cause (as sound, visual images, or data) to be registered on something (as a disc or magnetic tape) in reproducible form". However, Applicant's disclosure provides no means such as a disc or tape that may record data from the camera. Furthermore, the claim further qualifies the camera operation as providing "real-time feedback to a remote operator". It is not clear if Applicant intends for the camera device to record images as onto a tape or simply to transmit the data to a place where the data can be observed in real-time. For purposes of further examination Examiner will presume Applicant did not intend to record images as onto a tape because Applicant's have not disclosed means capable of doing so. Instead Examiner will presume Applicant merely intended the cameras to transmit data for real-time observation without a recording means.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

Application/Control Number: 10/813,835

Art Unit: 2856

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McLean (US Patent 3,039,428) in view of Geiger (US Patent 5,947,051).

McLean discloses a pipeline vehicle with conductive bristles 17 (brushes) that will emit sparks when encountering voids or holiday areas 21 which activates the device to apply paint to the area (claim 1).

McLean does not teach probe on slidable plunger that measures coating thickness nor a camera at the device front.

Geiger discloses a device for inspecting pipeline 10 coating teaching camera 35 at an end of the device which may be considered the front and thickness gauge 267 mounted on enclosure 44 which is put in position against the surface to be inspected by ram 52 (see figures 1A, 1B, 25C, column 31 lines 19-22). The ram appears to comprise sliding members.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a forward camera which may be "used for navigation and

Application/Control Number: 10/813,835

Art Unit: 2856

guisdance [sic]" to a location of interest. It would have been also obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a thickness gauge mounted on a slidable ram in order to engage the surface of interest and determine if the coating thickness is sufficient to withstand the expected environment.

As for the limitations:

"for the purpose of checking the coating at the interior surface of the pipeline at the weld seams thereon to determine the thickness of the coatings and for detecting for voids or holidays"; and

"brush that sweeps against the weld seam and emits a spark when a void is encountered"; and

"so that the site can be revisited for repair"; and

"for measuring coating thickness on the weld seam"; and

"to provide real-time feedback to a remote operator";

it has been held that a recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus satisfying the claimed structural limitations *Ex parte Masham* 2 USPQ2d 1647 1987).

## Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 2-6 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Art Unit: 2856

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

The additional references cited on the accompanying form PTO-892 though not cited above are provided to indicate other prior art inspection methods and apparatus which include one or more features or limitations in common with the instant invention.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Charles D. Garber whose telephone number is (571) 272-2194. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30 a.m. to 3:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hezron Williams can be reached on (571) 272-2208. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

cdg

CHARLES GARBER